

# **SAFETY DATA SHEET**

# Magifoam - Autobrite Direct

According to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, Annex II, as amended. Commission Regulation (EU) No 2015/830 of 28 May 2015.

## SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

### 1.1. Product identifier

**Product name** Magifoam - Autobrite Direct

## 1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

**Identified uses** Detergent.

Use only for intended applications.

## 1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Supplier Autobrite Direct Limited

Whittle Road

Meir

Stoke-on-Trent Staffordshire ST3 7TU 01782 623 819

info@autobritedirect.co.uk

# 1.4. Emergency telephone number

Emergency telephone 01782 623819 - Mon-Fri - 9am-5pm - Autobrite Direct Limited

## SECTION 2: Hazards identification

# 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

## Classification (EC 1272/2008)

Physical hazards Not Classified

Health hazards Skin Corr. 1 - H314 Eye Dam. 1 - H318

Environmental hazards Not Classified

## 2.2. Label elements

# Hazard pictograms



Signal word Danger

**Hazard statements** H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

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**Precautionary statements** P102 Keep out of reach of children.

P103 Read label before use.

P264 Wash contaminated skin thoroughly after handling.

P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection. P301+P330+P331 IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting.

P303+P361+P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing.

Rinse skin with water or shower.

P304+P340 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove

contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P501 Dispose of contents/ container in accordance with national regulations.

Contains Alcohols, C12-14, ethoxylated, sulfates, sodium salts, Alcohols, C9-11, ethoxylated,

tetrasodium ethylene diamine tetraacetate, Sodium Hydroxide

**Detergent labelling** < 5% amphoteric surfactants, < 5% EDTA and salts thereof, < 5% non-ionic surfactants, < 5%

perfumes

Supplementary precautionary

statements

P260 Do not breathe vapour/ spray.

P310 Immediately call a POISON CENTER/ doctor.

P321 Specific treatment (see medical advice on this label).

P363 Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

P405 Store locked up.

### 2.3. Other hazards

This product does not contain any substances classified as PBT or vPvB.

## SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

### 3.2. Mixtures

Alcohols, C12-14, ethoxylated, sulfates, sodium salts	5-10%
Alcohola, C 12-14, chioxylated, adilates, acquain saits	0-1070

CAS number: 68891-38-3 EC number: 500-234-8 REACH registration number: 01-

2119488639-16-XXXX

Classification

Skin Irrit. 2 - H315 Eye Dam. 1 - H318 Aquatic Chronic 3 - H412

Alcohols, C9-11, ethoxylated 1-5%

CAS number: 68439-46-3 EC number: 500-457-0 REACH registration number: 01-

2119490233-42-XXXX

Classification

Acute Tox. 4 - H302 Eye Dam. 1 - H318

# tetrasodium ethylene diamine tetraacetate 1-5%

CAS number: 64-02-8 EC number: 200-573-9 REACH registration number: 01-

2119486762-27-XXXX

Classification

Acute Tox. 4 - H302 Acute Tox. 3 - H331 Eye Dam. 1 - H318 STOT RE 2 - H373

Sodium Hydroxide 1-5%

CAS number: 1310-73-2 EC number: 215-185-5 REACH registration number: 01-

2119457892-27-XXXX

Classification

Met. Corr. 1 - H290 Skin Corr. 1A - H314 Eye Dam. 1 - H318

The full text for all hazard statements is displayed in Section 16.

### **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

### 4.1. Description of first aid measures

General information Get medical attention immediately. Show this Safety Data Sheet to the medical personnel.

Chemical burns must be treated by a physician.

Inhalation Remove affected person from source of contamination. Move affected person to fresh air and

keep warm and at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as collar, tie or belt. When breathing is difficult, properly trained personnel may assist affected person by administering oxygen. Place unconscious person on

their side in the recovery position and ensure breathing can take place.

Ingestion Rinse mouth thoroughly with water. Give a few small glasses of water or milk to drink. Stop if

the affected person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless under the direction of medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Move affected person to fresh air and keep warm and at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Place unconscious person on their side in the recovery position and ensure breathing can take place. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as collar, tie or

belt.

Skin contact It is important to remove the substance from the skin immediately. Take off immediately all

contaminated clothing. Rinse immediately with plenty of water. Continue to rinse for at least

15 minutes and get medical attention. Chemical burns must be treated by a physician.

Eye contact Rinse immediately with plenty of water. Remove any contact lenses and open eyelids wide

apart. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes.

Protection of first aiders First aid personnel should wear appropriate protective equipment during any rescue. If it is

suspected that volatile contaminants are still present around the affected person, first aid personnel should wear an appropriate respirator or self-contained breathing apparatus. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it from the affected person, or

wear gloves. It may be dangerous for first aid personnel to carry out mouth-to-mouth

resuscitation.

### 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

General information See Section 11 for additional information on health hazards. The severity of the symptoms

described will vary dependent on the concentration and the length of exposure.

Inhalation A single exposure may cause the following adverse effects: Severe irritation of nose and

throat. Symptoms following overexposure may include the following: Corrosive to the

respiratory tract.

**Ingestion** May cause chemical burns in mouth, oesophagus and stomach. Symptoms following

overexposure may include the following: Severe stomach pain. Nausea, vomiting.

Skin contact Causes severe burns. Symptoms following overexposure may include the following: Pain or

irritation. Redness. Blistering may occur.

**Eye contact** Causes serious eye damage. Symptoms following overexposure may include the following:

Pain. Profuse watering of the eyes. Redness.

### 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes for the doctor Treat symptomatically.

### SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

### 5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media The product is not flammable. Extinguish with alcohol-resistant foam, carbon dioxide, dry

powder or water fog. Use fire-extinguishing media suitable for the surrounding fire.

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.

### 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Specific hazards Containers can burst violently or explode when heated, due to excessive pressure build-up.

Severe corrosive hazard. Water used for fire extinguishing, which has been in contact with the

product, may be corrosive.

Hazardous combustion

products

Thermal decomposition or combustion products may include the following substances: Very

toxic or corrosive gases or vapours.

### 5.3. Advice for firefighters

Protective actions during

firefighting

Avoid breathing fire gases or vapours. Evacuate area. Keep upwind to avoid inhalation of gases, vapours, fumes and smoke. Cool containers exposed to heat with water spray and remove them from the fire area if it can be done without risk. Cool containers exposed to flames with water until well after the fire is out. If a leak or spill has not ignited, use water spray to disperse vapours and protect men stopping the leak. Avoid discharge to the aquatic

environment. Control run-off water by containing and keeping it out of sewers and watercourses. If risk of water pollution occurs, notify appropriate authorities.

Special protective equipment for firefighters

Regular protection may not be safe. Wear chemical protective suit. Wear positive-pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and appropriate protective clothing. Firefighter's clothing conforming to European standard EN469 (including helmets, protective boots and

gloves) will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.

### SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

### 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

### Personal precautions

No action shall be taken without appropriate training or involving any personal risk. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel away from the spillage. Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet. Follow precautions for safe handling described in this safety data sheet. Wash thoroughly after dealing with a spillage. Ensure procedures and training for emergency decontamination and disposal are in place. Do not touch or walk into spilled material. Avoid inhalation of vapours and spray/mists. Use suitable respiratory protection if ventilation is inadequate. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid contact with contaminated tools and objects.

### 6.2. Environmental precautions

## **Environmental precautions**

The product may affect the acidity (pH) of water which may have hazardous effects on aquatic organisms. Avoid discharge to the aquatic environment.

# 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

#### Methods for cleaning up

Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet. Clear up spills immediately and dispose of waste safely. This product is corrosive. Small Spillages: Collect spillage. Large Spillages: Absorb spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material. The contaminated absorbent may pose the same hazard as the spilled material. Collect and place in suitable waste disposal containers and seal securely. Label the containers containing waste and contaminated materials and remove from the area as soon as possible. Flush contaminated area with plenty of water. Wash thoroughly after dealing with a spillage. Neutralise with acid. Caution. May generate heat. Following dilution and neutralisation, discharge to the sewer with plenty of water may be permitted. The requirements of the local water authority must be complied with if contaminated water is flushed directly to the sewer. For waste disposal, see Section 13.

## 6.4. Reference to other sections

### Reference to other sections

For personal protection, see Section 8. See Section 11 for additional information on health hazards. See Section 12 for additional information on ecological hazards. For waste disposal, see Section 13.

# SECTION 7: Handling and storage

### 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

### Usage precautions

Keep out of the reach of children. Read and follow manufacturer's recommendations. Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet. Keep away from food, drink and animal feeding stuffs. Handle all packages and containers carefully to minimise spills. Keep container tightly sealed when not in use. Avoid the formation of mists. This product is corrosive. Immediate first aid is imperative. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not handle broken packages without protective equipment. Do not reuse empty containers.

# Advice on general occupational hygiene

Wash promptly if skin becomes contaminated. Take off contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash at the end of each work shift and before eating, smoking and using the toilet. Change work clothing daily before leaving workplace.

### 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

### Storage precautions

Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10). Store away from the following materials: Acids. Keep only in the original container. Keep container tightly closed, in a cool, well ventilated place. Keep containers upright. Protect containers from damage. Bund storage facilities to prevent soil and water pollution in the event of spillage. The storage area floor should be leak-tight, jointless and not absorbent.

## Storage class

Corrosive storage.

## 7.3. Specific end use(s)

Specific end use(s) The identified uses for this product are detailed in Section 1.2.

### SECTION 8: Exposure controls/Personal protection

### 8.1. Control parameters

## Occupational exposure limits

### Sodium Hydroxide

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 2 mg/m<sup>3</sup> Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): WEL 2 mg/m<sup>3</sup>

WEL = Workplace Exposure Limit

## Alcohols, C12-14, ethoxylated, sulfates, sodium salts (CAS: 68891-38-3)

**DNEL** Industry - Dermal; Long term systemic effects: 2750 mg/kg

Industry - Inhalation; Long term systemic effects: 175 mg/m³ Consumer - Dermal; Long term systemic effects: 1650 mg/kg Consumer - Inhalation; Long term systemic effects: 52 mg/m³ Consumer - Oral; Long term systemic effects: 15 mg/kg

PNEC Fresh water; 0.24 mg/l

marine water; 0.024 mg/l Intermittent release; 0.071 mg/l

STP; 10000 mg/l

Sediment (Freshwater); 0.9168 mg/kg Sediment (Marinewater); 0.09168 mg/kg

Soil; 7.5 mg/kg

### tetrasodium ethylene diamine tetraacetate (CAS: 64-02-8)

**DNEL** Workers - Inhalation; Long term systemic effects: 1.5 mg/m³

PNEC Fresh water; 2.86 mg/l

marine water; 0.286 mg/l Intermittent release; 1.56 mg/l

Soil; 0.937 mg/kg STP; 55.94 mg/l

# Sodium Hydroxide (CAS: 1310-73-2)

**DNEL** Consumer - Inhalation; Long term local effects: 1 mg/m³

Workers - Inhalation; Long term local effects: 1 mg/m³

# 8.2. Exposure controls

## Protective equipment













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# Appropriate engineering controls

Provide adequate ventilation. Personal, workplace environment or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls as the primary means to minimise worker exposure. Personal protective equipment should only be used if worker exposure cannot be controlled adequately by the engineering control measures. Ensure control measures are regularly inspected and maintained. Ensure operatives are trained to minimise exposure.

### Eye/face protection

Eyewear complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates eye contact is possible. Personal protective equipment for eye and face protection should comply with European Standard EN166. Wear tight-fitting, chemical splash goggles or face shield. If inhalation hazards exist, a full-face respirator may be required instead.

## Hand protection

Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates skin contact is possible. The most suitable glove should be chosen in consultation with the glove supplier/manufacturer, who can provide information about the breakthrough time of the glove material. To protect hands from chemicals, gloves should comply with European Standard EN374. Considering the data specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are retaining their protective properties and change them as soon as any deterioration is detected. Frequent changes are recommended.

# Other skin and body protection

Appropriate footwear and additional protective clothing complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates skin contamination is possible.

### Hygiene measures

Provide eyewash station and safety shower. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Clean equipment and the work area every day. Good personal hygiene procedures should be implemented. Wash at the end of each work shift and before eating, smoking and using the toilet. When using do not eat, drink or smoke. Preventive industrial medical examinations should be carried out. Warn cleaning personnel of any hazardous properties of the product.

## Respiratory protection

Respiratory protection complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates inhalation of contaminants is possible. Ensure all respiratory protective equipment is suitable for its intended use and is 'CE'-marked. Check that the respirator fits tightly and the filter is changed regularly. Gas and combination filter cartridges should comply with European Standard EN14387. Full face mask respirators with replaceable filter cartridges should comply with European Standard EN136. Half mask and quarter mask respirators with replaceable filter cartridges should comply with European Standard EN140.

# Environmental exposure controls

Keep container tightly sealed when not in use. Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels. Store in a demarcated bunded area to prevent release to drains and/or watercourses.

### SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

## 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

**Appearance** Clear, yellowish liquid.

Colour Yellow.

Odour Cherry.

Odour threshold Not determined.

pH (concentrated solution): ~13.5

Melting point Not determined.

Initial boiling point and range Not determined.

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Flash point No information available.

Evaporation rateNot determined.Evaporation factorNot determined.Flammability (solid, gas)Not determined.

Upper/lower flammability or

explosive limits

Not determined.

Other flammability Not determined.

Vapour pressure Not determined.

Vapour density Not determined.

Relative density ~ 1.05

Bulk density

Solubility(ies)

Partition coefficient

Auto-ignition temperature

Decomposition Temperature

Not determined.

Not determined.

Not determined.

Not determined.

Explosive properties Not determined.

Explosive under the influence

of a flame

Not considered to be explosive.

Oxidising properties Not applicable.

**Comments** Information given is applicable to the product as supplied.

9.2. Other information

Other information None.

Refractive index

Particle size

Not determined.

Molecular weight

Not determined.

Volatility

Not determined.

Saturation concentration

Not determined.

Critical temperature Not determined.

Volatile organic compound No information available.

# SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

# 10.1. Reactivity

**Reactivity** See the other subsections of this section for further details.

10.2. Chemical stability

Stability Stable at normal ambient temperatures and when used as recommended. Stable under the

prescribed storage conditions.

## 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

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Possibility of hazardous

reactions

No potentially hazardous reactions known.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Conditions to avoid There are no known conditions that are likely to result in a hazardous situation.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Materials to avoid Acid anhydrides. Acids. Phenols, cresols.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Hazardous decomposition

products

Does not decompose when used and stored as recommended. Thermal decomposition or combustion products may include the following substances: Corrosive gases or vapours.

### SECTION 11: Toxicological information

### 11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity - oral

**Summary** Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

**ATE oral (mg/kg)** 4,836.78

Acute toxicity - dermal

**Summary** Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Acute toxicity - inhalation

**Summary**Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

ATE inhalation (dusts/mists

mg/l)

19.04

Skin corrosion/irritation

**Summary** Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

**Extreme pH** ≥ 11.5 Corrosive.

Serious eye damage/irritation

**Summary** Causes serious eye damage.

Respiratory sensitisation

**Summary** Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Skin sensitisation

**Summary** Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Germ cell mutagenicity

**Summary** Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Carcinogenicity

**Summary** Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

IARC carcinogenicity

None of the ingredients are listed or exempt.

Reproductive toxicity

**Summary** Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

Summary Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

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**Summary** Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Aspiration hazard

**Summary** Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

General information The severity of the symptoms described will vary dependent on the concentration and the

length of exposure.

**Inhalation** Corrosive to the respiratory tract. Symptoms following overexposure may include the

following: Severe irritation of nose and throat.

Ingestion May cause chemical burns in mouth, oesophagus and stomach. Symptoms following

overexposure may include the following: Severe stomach pain. Nausea, vomiting.

Skin contact Causes severe burns. Symptoms following overexposure may include the following: Pain or

irritation. Redness. Blistering may occur.

**Eye contact** Causes serious eye damage. Symptoms following overexposure may include the following:

Pain. Profuse watering of the eyes. Redness.

Route of exposure Ingestion Inhalation Skin and/or eye contact

**Target organs** No specific target organs known.

Toxicological information on ingredients.

Alcohols, C9-11, ethoxylated

Acute toxicity - oral

Acute toxicity oral (LD₅o

mg/kg)

1,378.0

**Species** Rat

ATE oral (mg/kg) 1,378.0

Acute toxicity - dermal

Acute toxicity dermal (LD<sub>50</sub> 2,000.0

mg/kg)

Species Rabbit

tetrasodium ethylene diamine tetraacetate

Acute toxicity - oral

Acute toxicity oral (LD50

mg/kg)

2,000.0

Species Rat

**ATE oral (mg/kg)** 2,000.0

Acute toxicity - inhalation

Acute toxicity inhalation

(LC₅₀ dust/mist mg/l)

1.0

1.0

**Species** Rat

ATE inhalation

(dusts/mists mg/l)

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Serious eye damage/irritation

Causes eye irritation. Summary

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

Summary Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure if inhaled.

Sodium Hydroxide

Acute toxicity - oral

Acute toxicity oral (LD₅o

2,000.0

mg/kg)

**Species** Rat

Skin corrosion/irritation

Summary Causes severe burns.

Serious eye damage/irritation

Risk of serious damage to eyes. Summary

Skin sensitisation

Summary Not a skin sensitiser.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Summary This substance has no evidence of mutagenic properties.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

The product may affect the acidity (pH) of water which may have hazardous effects on aquatic **Ecotoxicity** 

organisms.

12.1. Toxicity

Acute aquatic toxicity

Based on available data the classification criteria are not met. Summary

Chronic aquatic toxicity

Summary Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Ecological information on ingredients.

Alcohols, C9-11, ethoxylated

Acute aquatic toxicity

No information available. Acute toxicity - fish

Acute toxicity - aquatic

Not available.

invertebrates

Acute toxicity - aquatic

plants

Not available.

Acute toxicity -

Not available.

microorganisms

Acute toxicity - terrestrial Not available.

tetrasodium ethylene diamine tetraacetate

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Acute aquatic toxicity

Acute toxicity - fish LC50, 96 hours: 100 mg/l, Fish

Acute toxicity - aquatic

invertebrates

EC<sub>50</sub>, 24 hours: 500 mg/l, Daphnia magna

Acute toxicity - aquatic

plants

EC<sub>50</sub>, 72 hours: 100 mg/l, Algae

Sodium Hydroxide

Acute aquatic toxicity

Acute toxicity - aquatic

invertebrates

EC<sub>50</sub>, 48 hours: 500 mg/l, Daphnia magna

### 12.2. Persistence and degradability

Persistence and degradability The surfactant(s) contained in this product complies(comply) with the biodegradability criteria

as laid down in Regulation (EC) No. 648/2004 on detergents.

Ecological information on ingredients.

Alcohols, C9-11, ethoxylated

Biodegradation - 76%: > 28 days

The substance is readily biodegradable.

tetrasodium ethylene diamine tetraacetate

Persistence and

degradability

The product is not biodegradable.

Sodium Hydroxide

Persistence and

degradability

The product is not biodegradable.

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

**Bioaccumulative potential** No data available on bioaccumulation.

Partition coefficient Not determined.

Ecological information on ingredients.

Alcohols, C9-11, ethoxylated

Bioaccumulative potential No specific test data are available.

tetrasodium ethylene diamine tetraacetate

**Bioaccumulative potential** No information available.

Sodium Hydroxide

Bioaccumulative potential No information available.

12.4. Mobility in soil

**Mobility** The product is water-soluble and may spread in water systems. The product is non-volatile.

### Ecological information on ingredients.

### Alcohols, C9-11, ethoxylated

Mobility No data available.

tetrasodium ethylene diamine tetraacetate

Mobility No data available.

Adsorption/desorption

coefficient

No information available.

Sodium Hydroxide

Mobility No data available.

### 12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Results of PBT and vPvB

This substance is not classified as PBT or vPvB according to current EU criteria.

assessment

### Ecological information on ingredients.

### Alcohols, C9-11, ethoxylated

Results of PBT and vPvB

assessment

No data available.

## tetrasodium ethylene diamine tetraacetate

Results of PBT and vPvB

assessment

This product does not contain any substances classified as PBT or vPvB.

### Sodium Hydroxide

Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This product does not contain any substances classified as PBT or vPvB.

# 12.6. Other adverse effects

Other adverse effects

None known.

### Ecological information on ingredients.

# tetrasodium ethylene diamine tetraacetate

None known. Other adverse effects

### SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

## 13.1. Waste treatment methods

### General information

The generation of waste should be minimised or avoided wherever possible. Reuse or recycle products wherever possible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Disposal of this product, process solutions, residues and by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any local authority requirements. When handling waste, the safety precautions applying to handling of the product should be considered. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been thoroughly cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues and hence be potentially hazardous.

### Disposal methods

Dispose of surplus products and those that cannot be recycled via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste, residues, empty containers, discarded work clothes and contaminated cleaning materials should be collected in designated containers, labelled with their contents. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.

## SECTION 14: Transport information

### 14.1. UN number

UN No. (ADR/RID) 1760
UN No. (IMDG) 1760
UN No. (ICAO) 1760
UN No. (ADN) 1760

### 14.2. UN proper shipping name

Proper shipping name

(ADR/RID)

CORROSIVE LIQUID, N.O.S. CONTAINS SODIUM HYDROXIDE

Proper shipping name (IMDG) CORROSIVE LIQUID, N.O.S. CONTAINS SODIUM HYDROXIDE

Proper shipping name (ICAO) CORROSIVE LIQUID, N.O.S. CONTAINS SODIUM HYDROXIDE

Proper shipping name (ADN) CORROSIVE LIQUID, N.O.S. CONTAINS SODIUM HYDROXIDE

### 14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

ADR/RID class 8

ADR/RID classification code C9

ADR/RID label 8

IMDG class 8

ICAO class/division 8

ADN class 8

### Transport labels



## 14.4. Packing group

ADR/RID packing group III

IMDG packing group III

ICAO packing group III

ADN packing group III

### 14.5. Environmental hazards

Environmentally hazardous substance/marine pollutant

No.

### 14.6. Special precautions for user

**EmS** F-A, S-B

ADR transport category 3

Emergency Action Code 2X

Hazard Identification Number 80

(ADR/RID)

Tunnel restriction code (E)

## 14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code

Transport in bulk according to Not applicable.

Annex II of MARPOL 73/78

and the IBC Code

## SECTION 15: Regulatory information

### 15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

National regulations Health and Safety at Work etc. Act 1974 (as amended).

The Carriage of Dangerous Goods and Use of Transportable Pressure Equipment

Regulations 2009 (SI 2009 No. 1348) (as amended) ["CDG 2009"].

EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits.

**EU legislation** Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 18

December 2006 concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of

Chemicals (REACH) (as amended).

Commission Regulation (EU) No 2015/830 of 28 May 2015.

Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 16 December 2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures (as

amended).

Regulation (EC) No 648/2004 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 31 March

2004 on detergents (as amended).

### 15.2. Chemical safety assessment

### Inventories

## **EU - EINECS/ELINCS**

None of the ingredients are listed or exempt.

## SECTION 16: Other information

Abbreviations and acronyms used in the safety data sheet

ADR: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by

Road.

ADN: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by

Inland Waterways.

RID: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by

Rail.

IATA: International Air Transport Association.

ICAO: Technical Instructions for the Safe Transport of Dangerous Goods by Air.

IMDG: International Maritime Dangerous Goods.

CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service.

ATE: Acute Toxicity Estimate.

LC₅o: Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population.

LD<sub>50</sub>: Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose).

EC₅o: 50% of maximal Effective Concentration.

PBT: Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance.

vPvB: Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative.

Classification abbreviations

and acronyms

Eye Dam. = Serious eye damage Skin Corr. = Skin corrosion

# Magifoam - Autobrite Direct

Classification procedures according to Regulation (EC)

Eye Dam. 1 - H318: Skin Corr. 1 - H314: : Calculation method.

1272/2008

Training advice Read and follow manufacturer's recommendations. Only trained personnel should use this

material.

Revision date 10/07/2019

Revision 4

Supersedes date 02/12/2016

Hazard statements in full H290 May be corrosive to metals.

H302 Harmful if swallowed.

H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

H315 Causes skin irritation.

H318 Causes serious eye damage.

H331 Toxic if inhaled.

H373 May cause damage to organs (Respiratory system, lungs) through prolonged or

repeated exposure.

H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

This information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process. Such information is, to the best of the company's knowledge and belief, accurate and reliable as of the date indicated. However, no warranty, guarantee or representation is made to its accuracy, reliability or completeness. It is the user's responsibility to satisfy himself as to the suitability of such information for his own particular use.